	SEP IRA	Single(k)	Simple IRA	<u>401(K)</u>
Who it's for	Self-employed individual or small business owner, including those with employees	Self-employed individual or business owner with no employees other than a spouse	Businesses with 100 or fewer employees and self-employed individuals	Any type of public or private company
Key advantages	Have until tax filing deadline plus extension to establish	Higher pre-tax limits compared to SEP IRA and Simple IRA.	Typically lower cost to maintain than a 401(k) plan	Flexibility in plan design
	Low cost to setup and maintain	Low cost to setup and maintain	Low cost to setup and maintain	Higher contribution limits than
			Mandatory employer contributrions	Can exclude part-time employees
Who can contribute	100% Employer Funded	Funded by employee deferrals and employer contributions	Funded by employee deferrals and employer contributions	Funded by employee deferrals and employer contributions
2016 employee contribution limits2	Not applicable	Up to \$18,000 in salary deferrals; \$24,000 if age 50 or older	Up to \$12,500 in salary deferrals; \$15,500 if age 50 or older	Up to \$18,000 in salary deferrals, or \$24,000 if age 50 or older (limits may vary by plan)
2016 employer contribution limits	Up to 25% of compensation3 up to a maximum of \$53,000	Employers may contribute up to 25% of compensation3 up to a maximum of \$53,000.  Total employer/employeecontributions	Either match employee contributions up to 3% of compensation; can be reduced to 1% in any two out of five years or contribute 2% of each employee's compensation,3 up to \$5,000	Employers may make a matching contribution or profit sharing contribution up to 25% of compensation up to a maximum of \$53,000.  Total employee/employeecontributions
Administrative responsibilities	5305- SEP Form each year. No employer tax filings; employee notification for employer's	cannot exceed \$53,000.  Annual Form 5500 filing after plan assets exceed \$250,000	5305-Simple Form. No employer tax certain annual employee notifications must generally be made by Nov. 1.	cannot exceed \$53,000.  Form 5500 and special IRS testing to ensure plan does not favor highly compensated employees
Access to assets4	Withdraw at any time, but a 10% penalty may apply if you are under age 59½.	Cannot take withdrawals from the plan until a "trigger" event occurs, such as turning age 59½, disability, and/or plan termination	Withdraw at any time, but a 10% penalty may apply if you are under age 59½. If the withdrawal is taken within first two years of participation in the plan, that penalty increases to 25%.	Loans may be available. Hardship withdrawals may be available but a 10% penalty may apply if you are under age 59½.
				Withdrawals can be taken upon a "trigger" event such as turning age 59½, disability, termination of employment, and/or plan termination.
Plan setup deadlines		Establish by December 31 (or fiscal year- end).		
How to open an account	Contact Greenbush Financial Group at www.greenbushfinancial.com or 518-477-6686	Contact Greenbush Financial Group at www.greenbushfinancial.com or 518- 477-6686	Contact Greenbush Financial Group at www.greenbushfinancial.com or 518-477-6686	Contact Greenbush Financial Group at www.greenbushfinancial.com or 518- 477-6686
GFG Website	http://www.greenbushfinancial.com/	http://www.greenbushfinancial.com/	http://www.greenbushfinancial.com/	http://www.greenbushfinancial.com/

Source: Greenbush Financial Group